

# Curious convergence properties of lattice Boltzmann schemes for diffusion with acoustic scaling \*

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In [1], we have studied the asymptotic expansion of various lattice Boltzmann schemes with multi-relaxation times for different applications. We used the so-called acoustic scaling: the ratio  $\lambda \equiv \Delta x / \Delta t$  is remained fixed. To present the problem in this abstract, we explain the situation for a very simple d1q3 scheme.

The moments  $\rho$ ,  $J$  and  $e$  are constructed from the particle distribution  $f_+$ ,  $f_0$  and  $f_-$ :  $\rho \equiv f_+ + f_0 + f_-$ ,  $J \equiv f_+ - f_-$  and  $e \equiv f_+ - 2f_0 + f_-$ . The momentum  $\rho$  is conserved. The two other equilibria follow simple linear relations:  $J^{\text{eq}} = 0$  and  $e^{\text{eq}} = \alpha \rho$ . The relaxation of these two nonconserved moments introduce two parameters  $s$  and  $s'$ :  $J^* = (1 - s)J + sJ^{\text{eq}}$ ,  $e^* = (1 - s')e + s'e^{\text{eq}}$ . When  $s$  and  $s'$  are fixed, the density  $\rho$  follows approximatively a diffusion equation as the space step  $\Delta x$  tends to zero:

$$(1) \quad \partial_t \rho - \mu \partial_x^2 \rho = O(\Delta x^2).$$

The diffusion coefficients  $\mu$  is given by the relation

$$(2) \quad \mu = \frac{2 + \alpha}{3} \left( \frac{1}{s} - \frac{1}{2} \right) \lambda \Delta x.$$

Imagine now that we wish to approximate the diffusion equation (1) with the d1q3 lattice Boltzmann scheme described previously. We suppose that the diffusion coefficients  $\mu$  is fixed and that the mesh size  $\Delta x$  tends to zero. Then from the relation (2), the relaxation parameter  $s$  cannot be no longer fixed and tends to zero according to the asymptotics

$$(3) \quad s = \frac{2 + \alpha}{3\mu} \lambda \Delta x + O(\Delta x^2).$$

The hypothesis done for deriving the diffusion model (1) (2) is now in defect. The relaxation coefficient  $s$  follows an asymptotics of the type

$$(4) \quad s = s_0 + s_1 \Delta x + s_2 \Delta x^2 + \dots$$

as suggested in [2]. Moreover, we have  $s_0 = 0$  in the case described in (3).

In the conference on Discrete Simulation of Fluid Dynamics, we will present a complete analytical and numerical study for determining the asymptotic partial differential equations of this basic d1q3 lattice Boltzmann scheme. We will also show that a structure appears for the associated asymptotic equations when an hypothesis of the type (4) is satisfied for the relaxation parameters.

## References

- [1] F. Dubois, P. Lallemand. *J. Stat. Mech.: Theory and Experiment*, P06006, 2009.
- [2] B. Boghosian, W. Taylor, *Phys. Rev. E*, vol. 52, p. 510-554, 1995.

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